

THE COLLEGE FINALS



The Finals will be conducted in rounds. One at a time, each remaining contestant will have **two and a half minutes** to compute an indefinite integral. If answered correctly, the contestant remains in the competition. Once every remaining contestant has attempted one problem, a round is completed. If during any round, all contestants are unable to complete a problem correctly, all contestants will remain in the competition for another round.

The last person remaining wins an additional \$75 and will be crowned the **Integration Champion!**

INTEGRAL #1

**READY,
GET SET,...**

2:30

INTEGRAL #1

$$\int \frac{1 + \sin x}{\cos x} dx$$

INTEGRAL #1

$$\int \frac{1 + \sin x}{\cos x} dx$$

$$= \int \left(\frac{1}{\cos x} + \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \right) dx$$

$$= \int (\sec x + \tan x) dx$$

$$= \ln|\sec x + \tan x| + \ln|\sec x| + C$$

INTEGRAL #2

**READY,
GET SET,...**

2:30

INTEGRAL #2

$$\int \frac{x}{x^4 + 1} dx$$

INTEGRAL #2

$$\int \frac{x}{x^4 + 1} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{u^2 + 1} du \quad [u = x^2, \quad du = 2x dx]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \arctan u + C$$

$$= \frac{\arctan(x^2)}{2} + C$$

INTEGRAL #3

**READY,
GET SET,...**

2:30

INTEGRAL #3

$$\int \sin^4 x \cos^3 x \, dx$$

INTEGRAL #3

$$\int \sin^4 x \cos^3 x \, dx$$

$$= \int \sin^4 x \cos^2 x \cos x \, dx = \int \sin^4 x (1 - \sin^2 x) \cos x \, dx$$

$$= \int_0^1 (u^4 - u^6) \, du \quad [u = \sin x, \quad du = \cos x \, dx]$$

$$= \frac{\sin^5 x}{5} - \frac{\sin^7 x}{7} + C$$

INTEGRAL #4

**READY,
GET SET,...**

2:30

INTEGRAL #4

$$\int \frac{\ln \ln x}{x \ln x} dx$$

INTEGRAL #4

$$\int \frac{\ln \ln x}{x \ln x} dx$$

$$= \int u du \quad \left[u = \ln \ln x, du = \frac{1}{x \ln x} dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{u^2}{2} + C$$

$$= \frac{(\ln \ln x)^2}{2} + C$$

INTEGRAL #5

**READY,
GET SET,...**

2:30

INTEGRAL #5

$$\int \frac{x + 1}{x^2 + 1} dx$$

INTEGRAL #5

$$\int \frac{x + 1}{x^2 + 1} dx$$

$$= \int \left(\frac{x}{x^2 + 1} + \frac{1}{x^2 + 1} \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{\ln(x^2 + 1)}{2} + \arctan x + C$$

INTEGRAL #6

**READY,
GET SET,...**

2:30

INTEGRAL #6

$$\int \sec x \tan^5 x \, dx$$

INTEGRAL #6

$$\int \sec x \tan^5 x \, dx$$

$$= \int \tan^4 x \cdot \sec x \tan x \, dx = \int (\sec^2 x - 1)^2 \cdot \sec x \tan x \, dx$$

$$= \int (u^2 - 1)^2 \, du \quad [u = \sec x, \quad du = \sec x \tan x \, dx]$$

$$= \int (u^4 - 2u^2 + 1) \, du = \frac{\sec^5 x}{5} - \frac{2 \sec^3 x}{3} + \sec x + C$$

INTEGRAL #7

**READY,
GET SET,...**

2:30

INTEGRAL #7

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$

INTEGRAL #7

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$

$$\left[x = \sin \theta, \quad dx = \cos \theta d\theta, \quad \sqrt{1-x^2} = \cos \theta \right]$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta \cos \theta} \cdot \cos \theta d\theta = \int \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta} d\theta$$

$$= \int \csc^2 \theta d\theta = -\cot \theta + C = \boxed{-\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} + C}$$

INTEGRAL #8

**READY,
GET SET,...**

2:30

INTEGRAL #8

$$\int \frac{x}{x^2 + x - 6} dx$$

INTEGRAL #8

$$\int \frac{x}{x^2 + x - 6} dx$$

$$= \int \left(\frac{3}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{x+3} + \frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{x-2} \right) dx \quad [\text{partial fractions}]$$

$$= \frac{3}{5} \ln|x+3| + \frac{2}{5} \ln|x-2| + C$$

INTEGRAL #9

**READY,
GET SET,...**

2:30

INTEGRAL #9

$$\int \frac{\ln \tan x}{\sin x \cos x} dx$$

INTEGRAL #9

$$\int \frac{\ln \tan x}{\sin x \cos x} dx$$

$$\left[u = \ln \tan x, \quad du = \frac{\sec^2 x}{\tan x} dx = \frac{1}{\sin x \cos x} dx \right]$$

$$= \int u du$$

$$= \frac{u^2}{2} + C = \frac{(\ln \tan x)^2}{2} + C$$

INTEGRAL #10

**READY,
GET SET,...**

2:30

INTEGRAL #10

$$\int \frac{1 - e^{\tan x}}{1 - \sin^2 x} dx$$

INTEGRAL #10

$$\int \frac{1 - e^{\tan x}}{1 - \sin^2 x} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1 - e^{\tan x}}{\cos^2 x} dx = \int (1 - e^{\tan x}) \sec^2 x dx$$

$$= \int (1 - e^u) du \quad [u = \tan x, \quad du = \sec^2 x dx]$$

$$= \tan x - e^{\tan x} + C$$

INTEGRAL #11

**READY,
GET SET,...**

2:30

INTEGRAL #11

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-x}} dx$$

INTEGRAL #11

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1-x}} dx$$

$$= 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-u^2}} du \quad \left[u = \sqrt{x}, \quad du = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} dx \right]$$

$$= 2 \arcsin u + C$$

$$= 2 \arcsin \sqrt{x} + C$$

INTEGRAL #12

**READY,
GET SET,...**

2:30

INTEGRAL #12

$$\int \frac{\ln x}{x + x \ln^2 x} dx$$

INTEGRAL #12

$$\int \frac{\ln x}{x + x \ln^2 x} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\ln x}{x(1 + \ln^2 x)} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{u} du \quad \left[u = 1 + \ln^2 x, \quad du = \frac{2 \ln x}{x} dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{\ln u}{2} + C = \frac{\ln(1 + \ln^2 x)}{2} + C$$

INTEGRAL #13

**READY,
GET SET,...**

2:30

INTEGRAL #13

$$\int \cos 2x (\sin x + \cos x)^2 dx$$

INTEGRAL #13

$$\int \cos 2x (\sin x + \cos x)^2 dx$$

$$= \int \cos 2x (\sin^2 x + 2 \sin x \cos x + \cos^2 x) dx$$

$$= \int \cos 2x (1 + 2 \sin x \cos x) dx = \int \cos 2x (1 + \sin 2x) dx$$

$$= \frac{(1 + \sin x)^2}{4} \text{ or } \frac{\sin 2x}{2} + \frac{\sin^2 2x}{4} \text{ or } \frac{\sin 2x}{2} - \frac{\cos^2 2x}{4}$$

INTEGRAL #14

**READY,
GET SET,...**

2:30

INTEGRAL #14

$$\int \frac{1}{(x-3)(x+1)+5} dx$$

INTEGRAL #14

$$\int \frac{1}{(x-3)(x+1)+5} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{x^2 - 2x + 2} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{(x-1)^2 + 1} dx$$

$$= \arctan(x-1) + C$$

INTEGRAL #15

**READY,
GET SET,...**

2:30

INTEGRAL #15

$$\int \ln \sqrt{x^2 + 1} \, dx$$

INTEGRAL #15

$$\int \ln \sqrt{x^2 + 1} \, dx$$

$$= \frac{x \ln(x^2 + 1)}{2} - \int \frac{x^2}{x^2 + 1} \, dx \quad [\text{integrate by parts}]$$

$$= \frac{x \ln(x^2 + 1)}{2} - \int \left(1 - \frac{1}{x^2 + 1} \right) \, dx$$

$$= \frac{x \ln(x^2 + 1)}{2} - x + \arctan x + C$$